Peter and Paul are often seen in the Church as a complementary pair. Peter represents the institutional church, while Paul represents the charismatic or spiritual church. Both are associated with the church in Rome. But what binds them together, above all, is that they were utterly seized by Jesus’ message.

The New Testament often portrays Peter as rash and headstrong. One minute he is a paragon of faith; the next, he has completely misunderstood what Jesus wants. He frequently does not seem to get what is going on, and he even denies Jesus when Jesus is about to be executed. And yet, despite his shortcomings and weaknesses, he has a heart for the Lord. He is the Prince of the Apostles, and as the first bishop of Rome, he holds a special place in the hearts of Catholic Christians.

Scripture introduces Paul as a violent persecutor of the first Christians. In fact, he oversees the execution of the man whom the Acts of the Apostles depicts as the first martyr, St. Stephen (Acts 7:58-8:1). He considers himself a late addition to the Jesus movement, referring to himself as “one untimely born” (1 Cor 15:8). However, following his encounter with Christ near Damascus, he became one of the greatest missionaries in the history of the Church. Like Peter, Paul has a heart for the Lord, and when his spiritual energy is directed to the glory of Jesus Christ, he is a powerful witness to the kingdom of God. His letters make up the bulk of the New Testament and continue to guide the Church today.

It is a beautiful testimony to the power of God that these two men, whose faults Scripture does not attempt to hide, are key figures in the story of Jesus and
foundational in the development of the Church. Sts. Peter and Paul show us the work of the Holy Spirit, who renews hearts, builds the Church, and testifies to Christ. Peter died in Rome as martyr—on a cross, according to some accounts. Paul suffered for the cause of the Gospel throughout his ministry, writing several letters from prison. He, like Peter, was martyred in Rome.

Imperfect men, seized by the Word of God and set on fire by the Holy Spirit are pillars of our Church and witnesses to freedom in Christ.

Carrying Out the Mission

Before his ascension, Jesus gave his disciples a mandate to spread the Gospel to the entire world. Sts. Peter and Paul are among the greatest examples of this missionary spirit.

Sts. Peter and Paul were chosen by Christ despite their weaknesses. Simon Peter was chosen to be the first pope and the rock upon which Christ would build the Church. Paul of Tarsus, who persecuted the people of God before his conversion on the way to Damascus, shared the Gospel with the Gentiles and with Christians around the Roman Empire. Both were fervent in their mission that they were martyred for their faith. Their tombs in Rome are some of the most visited pilgrimage sites in the world. By following their example, may we respond with our whole lives to our mission.

For Reflection

Sts. Peter and Paul were called to be the leaders of the early Church, and called others to take on the mantle of leadership. In what ways is God calling you to be a leader—within your family, in society, or in your faith community?